



# Factsheet Green Finance Understanding climate risks - 1st step towards green finance



# Identification of climate related Impacts, Risk and Opportunities (IRO)

### What is a climate related risk?

**Transition risks:** Associated with moving to a low-carbon economy (e.g., regulatory changes, market shifts, new technologies).

**Physical risks:** Can be acute risks (e.g., extreme weather events such as floods or storms) or chronic risks (e.g., rising sea levels or long-term temperature increases).

### How to find them?

**Topical Standards:** ESRS 1 Appendix A ncludes the 10 topical standards, along with their topics, subtopics, and sub-subtopics.

### Sector standards or entity-specific sectors:

Use best practices and/or available frameworks or reporting standards, such as IFRS sector-based standards SASB, or GRI sector standards.



## Determination of the material IROs - case of climate risks



#### Which ones are material?

- A **climate-related risk** is financially material if it significantly affects cash flows, cost of capital, or financial performance over the short-, medium-, or long-term (considering the potential for cumulative impacts).
- The risks have to be assessed not only within one's own operations but also within the value chain

### How to determine these risks?

Use of historical information **OR** <u>If commensurate with the circumstances of the company</u>, ESRS recommends the use of two climate scenarios:

- **High physical risks:** A scenario where the world takes no action ("too little too late"), resulting in temperatures rising above 4°C ("hot house world").
- **High transition risks:** A scenario consistent with limiting climate change to 1.5°C by 2100, where transition risks are very high due to extensive regulation, while physical risks are lower as climate volatility is managed.



### 5 steps approach

- **Step 1:** Assess the risks with the support if needed of climate research institute.
- Step 2: Determine the likelihood of occurrence of the risk.
- **Step 3**: Establish a financial threshold above which the risk will be deemed material Discuss it with your (financial) stakeholders.
- **Step 4:** Determine the potential magnitude of the financial effect of the risk.
- **Step 5**: Based on the threshold, identify the topics that require reporting.





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## Reporting on resilience\* - Climate related risks case

### **Requirement:**

A description of the long term resilience of the company's strategy and business model in relation to climate change.

### **Examples of information:**

- Critical assumptions on how the transition to a lower carbon and resilient economy will affect its surrounding macroeconomic trends, energy consumption and mix and technology employment assumptions.
- Results from the use of scenario analysis if any were used.



## Climate transition plan\*\* - (covers the mitigation plans)

### **Requirement:**

A high-level explanation of how the company will adjust its strategy and business model to ensure limiting of global warming to 1.5°C in line with the Paris Agreement using either a sectoral decarbonisation pathway if available for the company's' sector or an economywide scenario.



## **Examples of information\*\*\***

- How the (GHG) targets align with limiting global warming to 1.5°C.
- Identification of decarbonisation levers and planned key actions, such as changes to the product and service portfolio or the adoption of new technologies across operations and the value chain.
- Investments and funding supporting the implementation of its transition plan (link with EU taxonomy if applicable)
- Cumulative locked-in GHG emissions associated with key assets from the reporting year until 2030 and 2050 in tCO2eq.
- Explanation of plans to manage, transform, decommission, or phase out GHG-intensive and energy-intensive assets and products.



**About FutureWise Partners:** FutureWise Partner is a Vienna based boutique consulting firm advising corporateson their reporting standards, their climate risks and their sustainable funding.



<u>Website</u>

\*ESRS 2 strategy & Business Model SBM3

\*\*ESRS E1-1

### Supported by



<sup>\*\*\*</sup>ESRS Disclosure requirements DR E1-1 & Application Requirement R 3